

LR1000E2

USER MANUAL



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$905 \pm 5 \text{ nm}$

WAVELENGTH



IEC Class 1

LASER SAFETY CLASS

IEC classification



4–1000 m

MEASUREMENT RANGE



$\pm 1 \text{ m}$

RANGING ACCURACY

At $\leq 400 \text{ m}$; see notes



$25.7 \times 13.3 \times 24.6 \text{ mm}$

DIMENSIONS

Rectangular



UART-TTL

COMMUNICATION

Customizable

Accuracy: $\pm 1 \text{ m}$ for $d \leq 400 \text{ m}$; $\pm(1 \text{ m} + 0.001d)$ for $d > 400 \text{ m}$. See Section 2 for target and test conditions.
Dimensions and tolerances: $25.7 \pm 0.1 \text{ mm} \times 13.3 \pm 0.1 \text{ mm} \times 24.6 \text{ mm}$ (+0/−0.05 mm). See Section 6.

1. Product Overview

The **LR1000E2 series laser rangefinder module** is a new high-precision, compact rangefinder module with a center wavelength of **905 nm**. The measurement range is **4–1000 m**. The measurement rate is **3–10 Hz** (adaptive).

The module uses a **UART-TTL communication interface** and is supplied with dedicated test software and communication protocol documentation, facilitating custom application development. It features **a compact design, low weight, high accuracy, and a high measurement rate**.

It is suitable for integration into handheld devices such as **night vision devices, thermal imagers, telescopes, and laser illuminators** for auxiliary ranging. It can also be applied in other distance-measurement applications, including **border security monitoring, aviation, communications, railway systems, law enforcement, smart water management, and outdoor sports applications**.

2. Technical Specifications

No.	Parameter	Specification
1	Laser Wavelength	905 ± 5 nm
2	Laser Beam Divergence	< 9 mrad
3	Optical Material	Resin Aspheric Lens
4	Receiver Aperture	9.2 mm × 14.5 mm
5	Measurement Range	4–1000 m
6	Ranging Accuracy	±1 m (d ≤ 400 m) ¹ ±(1 m + 0.001d) (d > 400 m) ²
7	Measurement Rate	3–10 Hz (adaptive)
8	Valid Measurement Rate	≥ 98%
9	False Alarm Rate	≤ 1%
10	Communication Interface	UART-TTL (Customizable)
11	Baud Rate	115200 bps
12	Supply Voltage	3.3–5 V
13	Startup Time	≤ 200 ms
14	Inrush Current	< 350 mA
15	Sleep Power Consumption	< 1 mW
16	Standby Power Consumption	< 0.3 W
17	Short-Range Power Consumption	< 0.6 W
18	Operating Power Consumption	≤ 1 W
19	Operating Temperature	–20 °C to +55 °C
20	Storage Temperature	–40 °C to +60 °C
21	Ingress Protection Rating	IP67 (lens cavity only)

No.	Parameter	Specification
22	Laser Safety Class	IEC Class 1
23	Dimensions	25.7 ± 0.1 mm × 13.3 ± 0.1 mm × 24.6 mm (+0/-0.05 mm) (Rectangular)
24	Weight	≤ 10 g
25	Shock Resistance	—
26	Vibration Resistance	5–50–5 Hz, 1 octave/min, 2.5 g
27	Reliability	MTBF ≥ 1500 h
Notes: 1) Target size: 2.3 m × 2.3 m; reflectivity: 90%; 2) Target size: 2.3 m × 4.6 m; reflectivity: 90%; 3) The accuracy values in the table apply to measurements made using a whiteboard target.		

3. Functional Description

The system supports **single-shot and continuous measurement** functions.

3.1 External Circuit Enable

Enables the module for normal operation.

3.2 External Circuit Disable

Disables the external circuit to reduce power consumption.

3.3 Single-Shot Measurement

Triggers a single measurement of the distance to the target. For low-reflectivity targets, the system automatically performs repeated measurements until stable distance readings are obtained. The measurement result is then transmitted via the serial interface in the standard data format.

3.4 Continuous Measurement

In continuous measurement mode, the module repeatedly measures the distance to the target at an adaptive rate of **3–10 Hz**.

4. Hardware Installation Guide

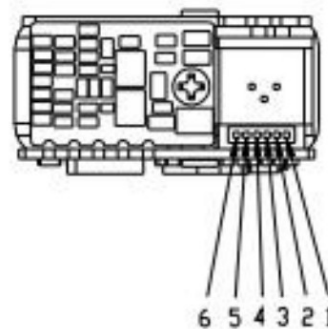
4.1 Packing List

Laser Rangefinder Module × 1

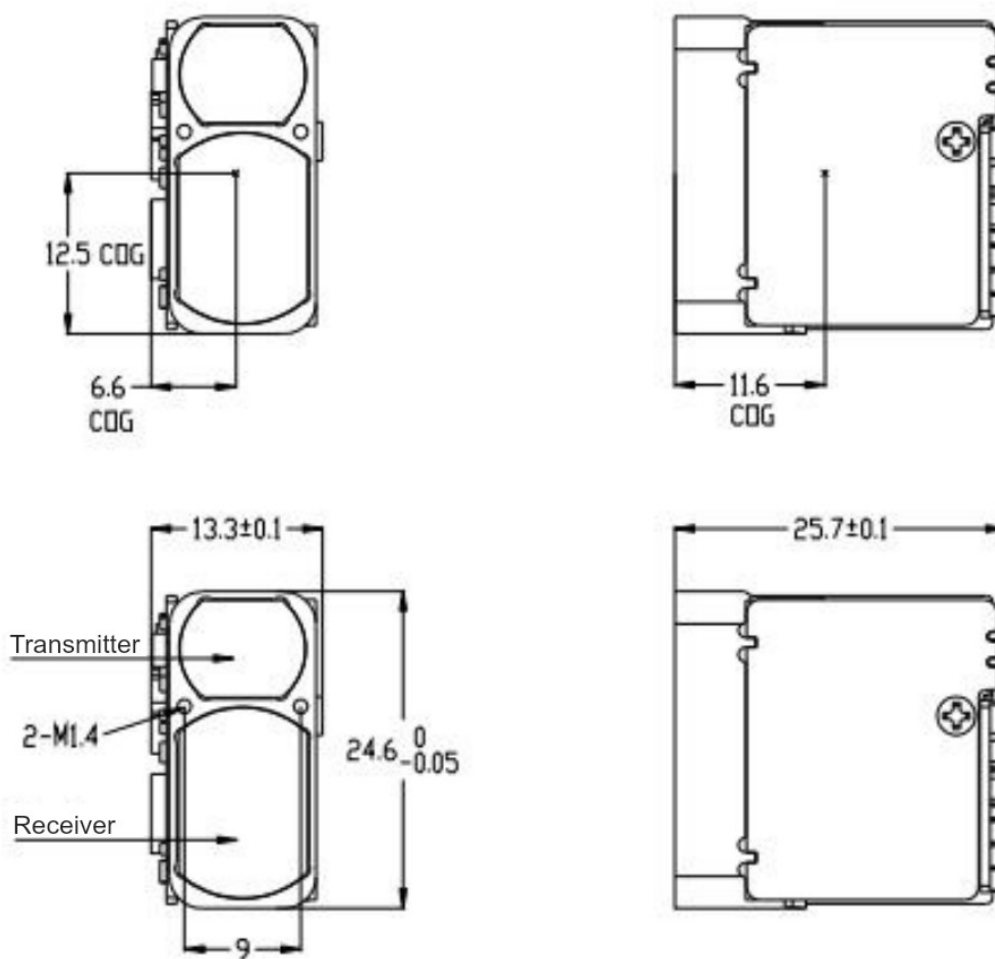
Power Cable × 1

5. Electrical Interface Definition

Pin	Signal	Description
1	GND	Power supply negative
2	VCC	Power supply positive
3	I/O (Reserved)	Reserved for expansion
4	TXD	Transmit data: module → host
5	RXD	Receive data: host → module
6	SW-SHOT	Function enable (active high) Note: Compatible with active-low control requirements



6. Mechanical Dimensions



Mechanical Dimensional Drawing and Electrical Interface Diagram

7. Optical Window Selection and Coating Recommendations

7.1 Material Recommendations

H-K9L optical glass or fused silica is recommended for the optical window.

H-K9L and fused silica are among the most commonly used colorless optical materials. They are suitable for the 300–2100 nm wavelength range and offer good cost-effectiveness and excellent physical properties.

7.2 Manufacturing Recommendations

- The wedge angle tolerance of the window should be as small as possible. Recommended wedge angle tolerance: $\leq 3'$ (tolerance grade $\leq$ Grade 7).
- The optical surfaces should be as smooth as possible.

7.3 Coating Recommendations

For a 905 nm laser rangefinder, an antireflection (AR) coating for the 855–955 nm wavelength range is recommended, with transmittance $\geq 99.5\%$.

Depending on the operating environment, additional protective coatings, such as a hydrophobic coating or a hard coating, may be applied to the outer surface. For other requirements, refer to GJB 2485-95; transmittance: $\geq 98\%$.

7.4 Optical Window Geometry and Installation Recommendations

The clear aperture of the window depends on the specific product. The outer dimensions shall meet the following requirements:

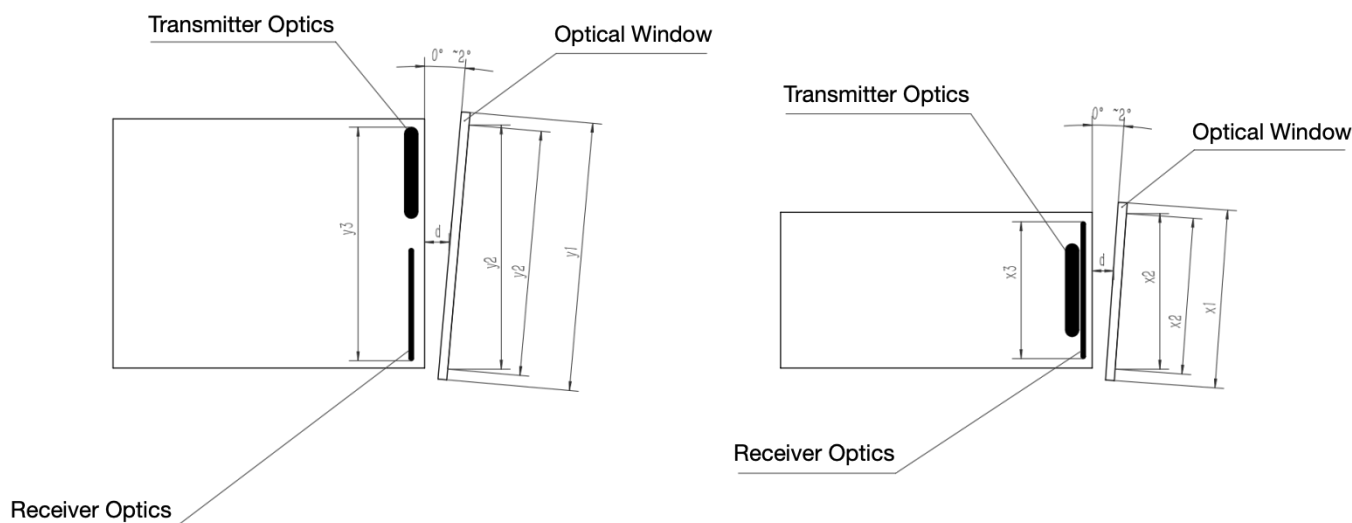
- Optical-window outer dimension – clear-aperture dimension ≥ 2 mm
- Projected clear-aperture dimension – optical-assembly outer dimension ≥ 1.5 mm

A schematic is shown below.

Since the window absorbs a small portion of the laser energy, a window thickness of 2–4 mm is recommended, depending on the available mechanical space.

Due to the high transmittance of the window, it is recommended that the transmitter optical axis be parallel to the surface normal of the window. The relative positions of the window and the two lens barrels are shown in the figure below.

In addition, the air gap between the window and the rangefinder should be less than 0.5 mm. The figure below shows two window installation arrangements.



Optical-window outer dimension y_1 – clear-aperture dimension $y_2 > 2$ mm
 Projected clear-aperture dimension y_2 – optical-assembly outer dimension $y_3 > 1.5$ mm
 The air gap d between the optical window and the rangefinder should be as small as possible

Optical-window outer dimension x_1 – clear-aperture dimension $x_2 > 2$ mm
 Projected clear-aperture dimension x_2 – optical-assembly outer dimension $x_3 > 1.5$ mm
 The air gap d between the optical window and the rangefinder should be as small as possible

8. Host Communication Protocol

Protocol Format

- Communication method: Serial communication
- Baud rate: 115200 bps (default)
- Data bits: 8 bits
- Frame length: 8 bytes

Data Protocol									
		Frame Header (H)	Frame Header (L)	Function Code	D1	D2	D3	D4	Checksum
	Send	55	AA						SUM(Function Code + DATA1 + ... + DATA4)
	Response	55	AA						SUM(Frame Header (H) + Frame Header (L) + ... + DATA4)

Data Protocol									
		Frame Header (H)	Frame Header (L)	Function Code	D1	D2	D3	D4	Checksum
Measurement Commands									
Single-Shot Ranging	Send	55	AA	88	FF	FF	FF	FF	SUM[3:7]
		55 AA 88 FF FF FF FF 84							
	Response	55	AA	88	STA	FF	DIS_H	DIS_L	SUM[1:7]
		STA = 1: Measurement successful; any other STA value: Measurement failed DIS_H: High byte of the measured distance; DIS_L: Low byte of the measured distance Returned values use hexadecimal notation. Reported value = measured value × 10.							
Continuous Ranging	Send	55	AA	89	FF	FF	FF	FF	SUM[3:7]
		55 AA 89 FF FF FF FF 85							
	Response	55	AA	89	STA	FF	DIS_H	DIS_L	SUM[1:7]
		STA = 1: Measurement successful; any other STA value: Measurement failed DIS_H: High byte of the measured distance; DIS_L: Low byte of the measured distance Returned values use hexadecimal notation. Reported value = measured value × 10.							
Stop Ranging	Send	55	AA	8E	FF	FF	FF	FF	SUM[3:7]
		55 AA 8E FF FF FF FF 8A							
	Response	55	AA	8E	STA	FF	FF	FF	SUM[1:7]
		STA = 0: Failed to stop continuous ranging; STA = 1: Continuous ranging stopped successfully							
Angle Measurement	Send	55	AA	8A	FF	FF	FF	FF	SUM[3:7]
		55 AA 8A FF FF FF FF 86							
	Response	55	AA	8A	STA	FF	ANG_H	ANG_L	SUM[1:7]
		STA = 0: Measurement failed; STA = 1: Measurement successful ANG_H: High byte of the measured angle; ANG_L: Low byte of the measured angle Returned values use hexadecimal notation. Reported value = measured value × 10. Available only on modules equipped with an angle sensor							
Power-On Self-Test									
Self-Test Information	Response	55	AA	80	STA	00	00	ErrCode	SUM[1:7]
		STA = 0: Power-on initialization failed; ErrCode contains the error code STA = 1: Power-on initialization successful							

Data Protocol									
		Frame Header (H)	Frame Header (L)	Function Code	D1	D2	D3	D4	Checksum
System Settings									
Baud Rate	Send	55	AA	TYPE	FF	FF	FF	FF	SUM[3:7]
		TYPE = 01: Set baud rate to 9600 bps TYPE = 02: Set baud rate to 14400 bps TYPE = 03: Set baud rate to 19200 bps TYPE = 04: Set baud rate to 38400 bps TYPE = 05: Set baud rate to 56000 bps TYPE = 06: Set baud rate to 57600 bps TYPE = 07: Set baud rate to 115200 bps TYPE = 08: Set baud rate to 128000 bps TYPE = 09: Set baud rate to 230400 bps A baud rate change takes effect only after the module is restarted.							
	Response	55	AA	TYPE	STA	FF	FF	FF	SUM[1:7]
		STA = 0: Setting failed; STA = 1: Setting successful							
LD Constant-On Mode	Send	55	AA	86	FF	FF	FF	STA	SUM[3:7]
		STA = 0: Disable LD constant-on mode; STA = 1: Enable LD constant-on mode 55 AA 86 FF FF FF 01 84 Enable 55 AA 86 FF FF FF 00 83 Disable							
	Response	55							
		STA = 0: LD is already on; STA = 1: LD is already off; STA = FF: Operation failed Note: Do not leave LD constant-on mode enabled for extended periods.							

Notes:

1. Command and response frames use different checksum ranges. Use the range specified for each frame.
2. The checksum is the least significant 8 bits of the sum of the specified bytes.
3. All transmitted and received frame bytes are represented in hexadecimal notation.

9. Safety Warnings and Precautions

- To avoid eye injury, do not look directly into the laser emission aperture. The module is classified as **Class 1**.
- Operating ambient temperature range: **-20 °C to +55 °C**. Avoid exposure to high temperatures, high humidity, rain, snow, or dust.
- Do not attempt to disassemble the module yourself. Doing so may void the warranty or damage the device.
- This product is intended mainly for integration into civilian equipment such as UAVs, outdoor observation devices, and surveying and mapping systems, and must not be used for military applications.
- The spot/beam adjustment mode is for developers only. To avoid eye injury, do not direct the laser beam toward anyone's eyes in this mode.
- Factors affecting ranging capability, ranging response time, and ranging accuracy include:

Target reflectivity: In general, the higher the target reflectivity, the better the ranging capability and the faster the ranging response. The LR1000E2 measurement range is 4–1000 m, as specified in Section 2. The achievable range depends on the target and measurement conditions. (Targets that produce little diffuse reflection, such as water surfaces, may be impossible to measure.)

Target shape: When the reflective surface area is too small or the surface is uneven, ranging capability and response speed will decrease accordingly.

Measurement angle: When the laser beam is perpendicular to the target's reflective surface, ranging performance is better and response is faster. Otherwise, ranging performance and response speed decrease. Under extreme incidence angles, the ranging capability and response time specified in this manual cannot be guaranteed.

Measurement environment: Factors affecting ranging capability and response speed also include sunlight intensity, the concentration of water vapor and suspended particles in the air, and the measurement direction relative to direct sunlight. (Rain, fog, snow, haze, and smog reduce the measurement range.)

The ranging performance of this series of rangefinder modules is specified under the following conditions:

- The target has **medium reflectivity**, such as a building wall;
- The target's reflective surface is **perpendicular** to the laser emission direction;
- The weather is **clear**, and the measurement is performed **without direct sunlight**.

Recommendation: When measuring distant targets, mount the module on a tripod to reduce vibration during measurement and achieve better ranging performance.

Suitable Targets for Measurement

This product can measure **high-reflectivity targets** (e.g., highway traffic signs), **medium-reflectivity targets** (e.g., building walls), and **low-reflectivity targets** (e.g., trees, golf flagpoles, animals, etc.). When target reflectivity falls below a certain level, the measurement range decreases accordingly.



Highway Traffic Sign



Building Wall



Trees



Animals

The ranging performance of this module is specified under the following conditions:

The target has **medium reflectivity**, such as a building wall;

The target's reflective surface is **perpendicular** to the laser emission direction;

The weather is **clear**, and the measurement is performed **without direct sunlight**.

Note:

When measuring distant targets, it is recommended to mount the module on a tripod to reduce vibration during measurement and achieve better ranging performance.